				u)	:D (if checke	CIE		
Distributions From Pensions, Annuities Retirement of Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs		OMB No. 1545-0119		Gross distribution  Taxable amount		\$	city, state, and ZIP code	PAYER'S name, street address,
Insurance Contracts, etc	Form <b>1099-R</b>		Fo			\$		
Copy C	Total		Taxable amount		2b			
For Recipient's Records	distribution		not determined			_		
	4 Federal income tax withheld		4	Capital gain (included in box 2a)		3	RECIPIENT'S identification number	PAYER'S federal identification number
			\$			\$		
	et unrealized ppreciation in mployer's securities		appreciation in		Employee contributions /Designated Roth contributions or insurance premiums			RECIPIENT'S name
			\$			\$		
This information is being furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.		Other	8	IRA/ SEP/ SIMPLE	Distribution code(s)	7	.)	Street address (including apt. no
	tributions	Total amplayed con	\$ 9b		· ·	0-		Other state and ZID and
				Your percentage of total distribution %		9a	ty, state, and ZIP code	
14 State distribution \$	State/Payer's state no.		13	eld	State tax withhe	12	11 1st year of desig. Roth contrib	10 Amount allocable to IRR
			ļ			\$		within 5 years
\$						\$		\$
17 Local distribution			16 Name of loc		Local tax withhe	15		Account number (see instructions)
\$			ļ			\$		
\$						\$		

## **Instructions for Recipient** (Continued)

If this is a total distribution from a qualified plan and you were born before January 2, 1936 (or you are the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be eligible for the 10-year tax option. See the Form 4972 instructions for more information.

If you are an eligible retired public safety officer who elected to exclude from income distributions from your eligible plan used to pay certain insurance premiums, the amount shown in box 2a has not been reduced by the exclusion amount. See the instructions for Form 1040 or 1040A for more information.

**Box 2b.** If the first box is checked, the payer was unable to determine the taxable amount, and box 2a should be blank, except for an IRA. If the second box is checked, the distribution was a total distribution that closed out your account.

Box 3. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan and were born before January 2, 1936 (or you are the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be able to elect to treat this amount as a capital gain on Form 4972 (not on Schedule D (Form 1040)). See the Form 4972 instructions. For a charitable gift annuity, report as a long-term capital gain as explained in the instructions for Schedule D.

**Box 4.** Shows federal income tax withheld. Include this amount on your income tax return as tax withheld, and if box 4 shows an amount (other than zero), attach Copy B to your return. Generally, if you will receive payments next year that are not eligible rollover distributions, you can change your withholding or elect not to have income tax withheld by giving the payer Form W-4P.

**Box 5.** Generally, this shows the employee's investment in the contract (after-tax contributions), if any, recovered tax free this year; the portion that is your basis in a designated Roth account; the part of premiums paid on commercial annuities or insurance contracts recovered tax free; or the nontaxable part of a charitable gift annuity. This box does not show any IRA contributions. If the amount shown is your basis in a designated Roth account, the year you first made contributions to that account may be entered in box 11.

**Box 6.** If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan that includes securities of the employer's company, the net unrealized appreciation (NUA) (any increase in value of such securities while in the trust) is taxed only when you sell the securities unless you choose to include it in your gross income this year. See Pub. 575 and the Form 4972 instructions. If you did not receive a lump-sum distribution, the amount shown is the NUA attributable to employee contributions, which is not taxed until you sell the securities.

**Box 7.** The following codes identify the distribution you received. For more information on these distributions, see the instructions for your tax return. Also, certain distributions may be subject to an additional 10% tax. See the instructions for Form 5329.

- 1 Early distribution, no known exception (in most cases, under age 59%).
- 2-Early distribution, exception applies (under age 59½).
- 3-Disability.
- 4-Death.
- 5-Prohibited transaction.
- 6—Section 1035 exchange (a tax-free exchange of life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care insurance, or endowment contracts).
- 7-Normal distribution.
- 8—Excess contributions plus earnings/excess deferrals (and/or earnings) taxable in 2012.
- 9-Cost of current life insurance protection.
- A-May be eligible for 10-year tax option (see Form 4972).
- **B**-Designated Roth account distribution.

**Note.** If Code B is in box 7 and an amount is reported in box 10, see the instructions for Form 5329.

(Continued on the back of Copy 2.)